

# Graphical Processing Units to Accelerate Orthorectification, Atmospheric Correction and Transformations for Big Data

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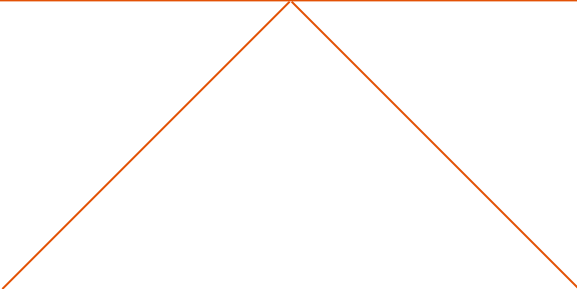
## **IN52A. Big Data in the Geosciences: New Analytics**

### **Methods and Parallel Algorithms I**

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# Agenda

- > GPU Background
- > Earth Science where GPU can be effectively used
- > Success Story

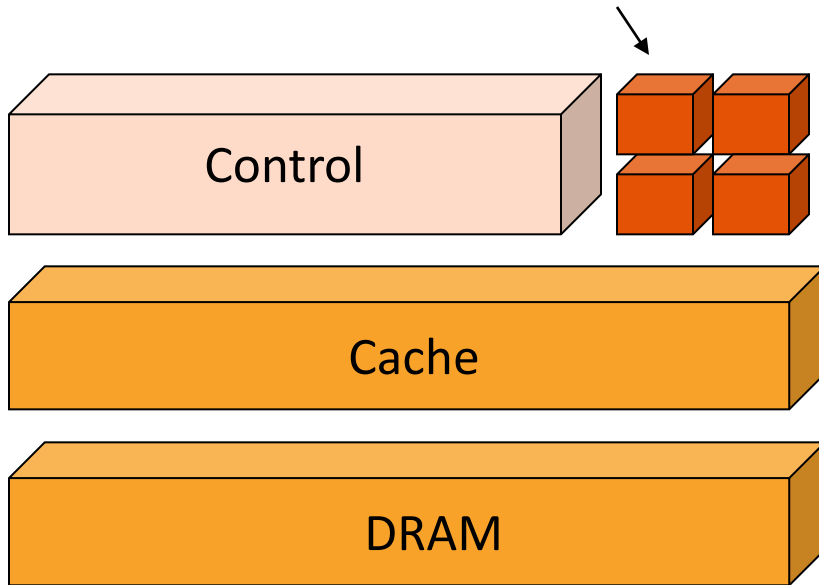
# What is GPU Acceleration?

- > A graphics processing unit or GPU is a specialized processor that offloads 3D or 2D graphics rendering from the main CPU(s)
- > In a personal computer, a GPU can be present on a video card, or it can be on the motherboard
- > Their highly parallel structure makes them more effective than general-purpose CPUs for a range of complex algorithms
- > Certain algorithms can be run on the GPU to greatly speed up numerical processing
- > Most computers, including laptops, today have GPU(s)

# High-level GPU Architecture

(Why it can do what it can do)

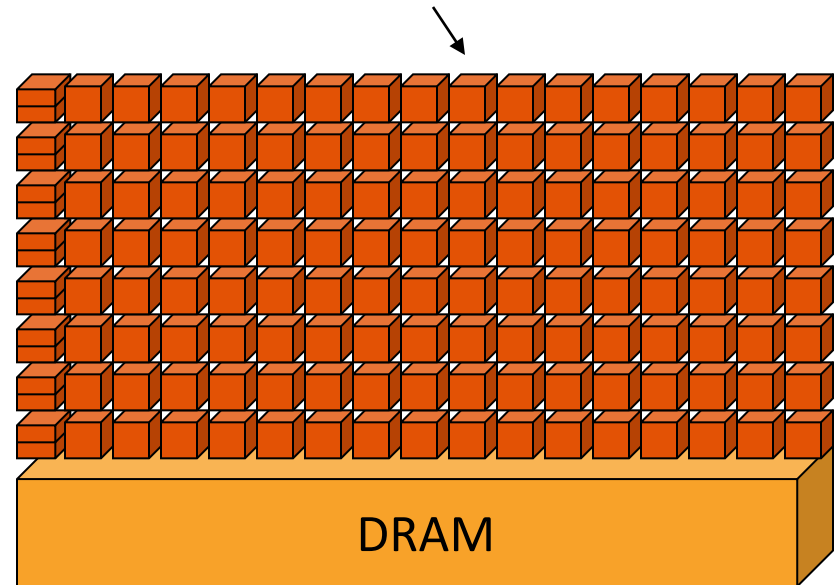
*CPU (4 cores)*



CPU

Flow control (If, then)

*GPU (>128 cores)*



GPU

Compute-intensive  
Highly parallel computation

# Why aren't more data processing COTS products GPU enabled?

## Many Competing Architectures / Companies

- > NVIDIA/CUDA (Compute Unified Device Architecture)
- > AMD/Firestream
- > Apple, Intel, NVIDIA/OpenCL
- > Microsoft/DirectCompute



# Exelis VIS GPU Solution

- > Developed a CUDA based GPU processing framework that can be redeployed
- > Services group develops, this ensures meeting needs of specific architectures
- > Worked with groups with BIG data analysis issues with time critical needs
- > GPU enabled Existing ENVI and IDL routines, no reinventing the wheel, just make it go faster.

# EXELIS VIS GPU Approach

## **CUDA “Compute Unified Device Architecture”**

- > Royalty-Free “C Language” – extension to ANSI standard C99
- > Complete SDK - Freely distributed
  - > API for thread handling, memory management
  - > Standard math libraries, BLAS, FFT

## **Integrated with ENVI/IDL**

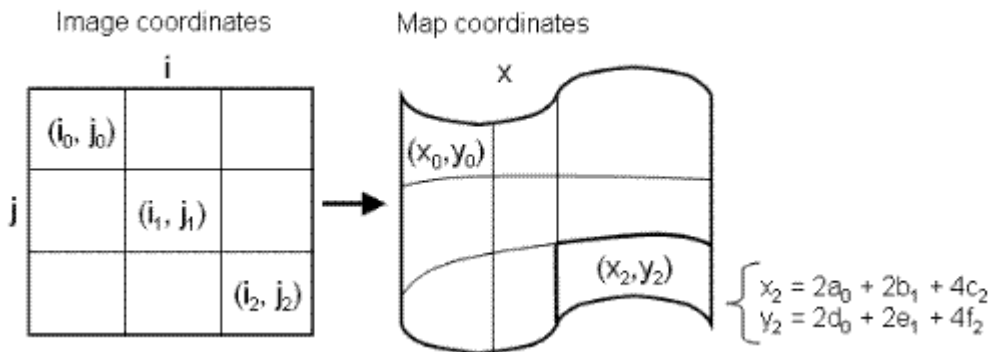
- > Use of IDL’s Internal API to Create a DLM
  - > Integrates fully into IDL as a system routine
  - > Most flexible solution
  - > Recommended for most applications
  - > Maximum performance increases are achieved through custom kernel development
  - > Can be deployed from ArcGIS



# Earth Science Applications – Spatial Processing

**Problem:** Image projection and registration very slow with standard CPU processing  
This can delay using imagery to make time critical decisions where location is important  
e.g. Defense and Security, Disaster response/mitigation, Image production

## Image projection



## Orthorectification

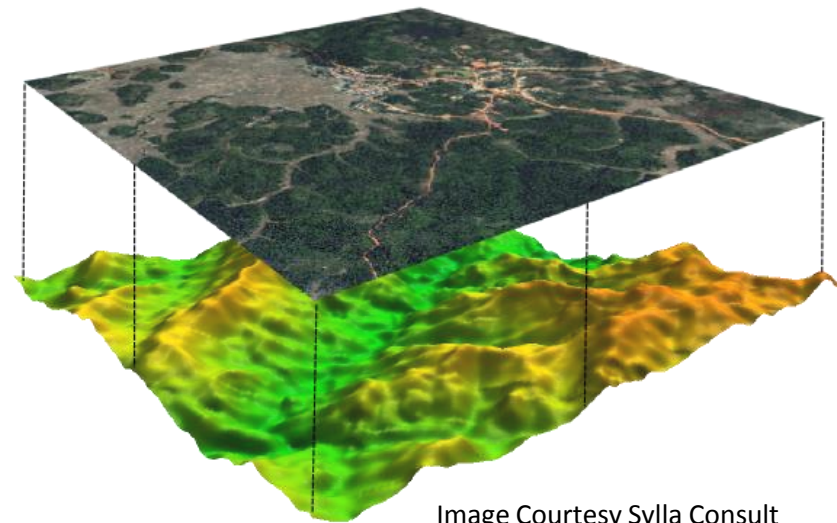


Image Courtesy Sylla Consult

**Orthorectification:** a process that removes the geometric distortions introduced during image capture and produces an image product that has planimetric geometry, like a map.



# Earth Science Applications – Spatial Processing

**Problem:** Image projection and registration very slow with standard CPU processing  
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e.g. Defense and Security, Disaster response/mitigation, Image production

## **Examples**

- > Rigorous Frame Camera Model
  - > Used in airborne platforms, small / medium format cameras
  - > Use GPU to project camera frames to align with GIS layers
  - > Resample data to a desired grid
  
- > Large format commercial satellite data
  - > Orthorectification using Rational Polynomial Coefficients (RPC)
  - > Resample and reproject to desired format

# Spatial Processing: Orthorectification Example

## RPC Orthorectification Results

Input / Output	CPU Time	GPU Time
WV1 Point Collect (32k x 32k In, 35k x 35k Out)	2+ Hours	3 Minutes
QuickBird 4-band Image (6878k x 7184k In, 8652k x 9204k Out)	15 Minutes	17 Seconds

**Hardware:** Intel Core 2 Duo @ 2.6GHz, 4GB RAM, GTX280 GPU

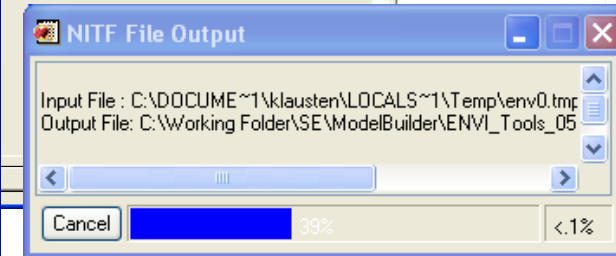
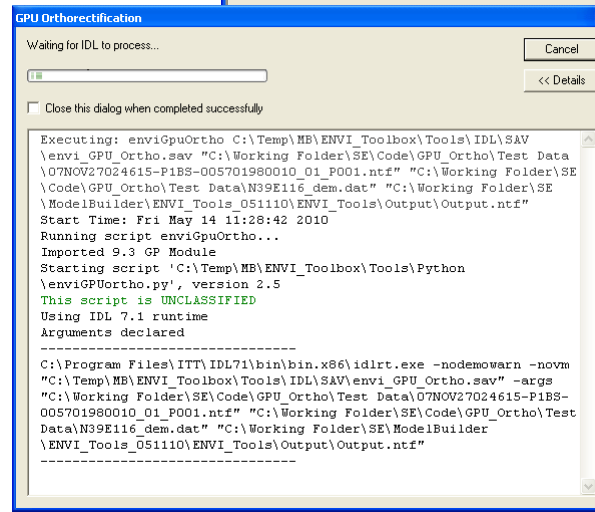
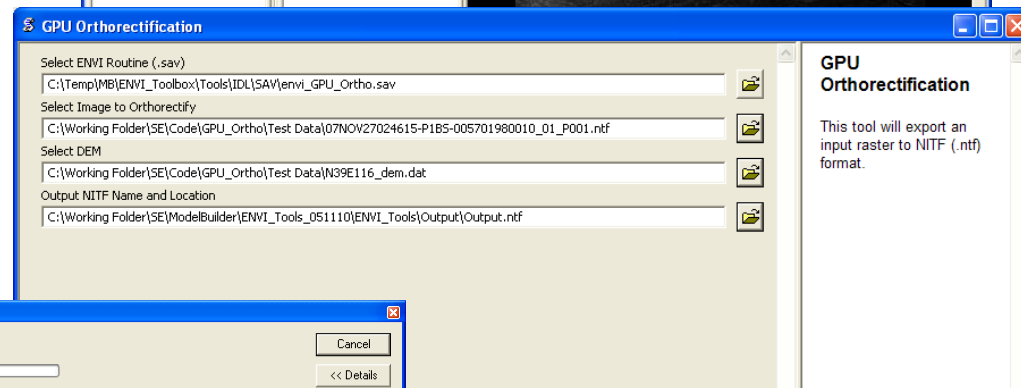
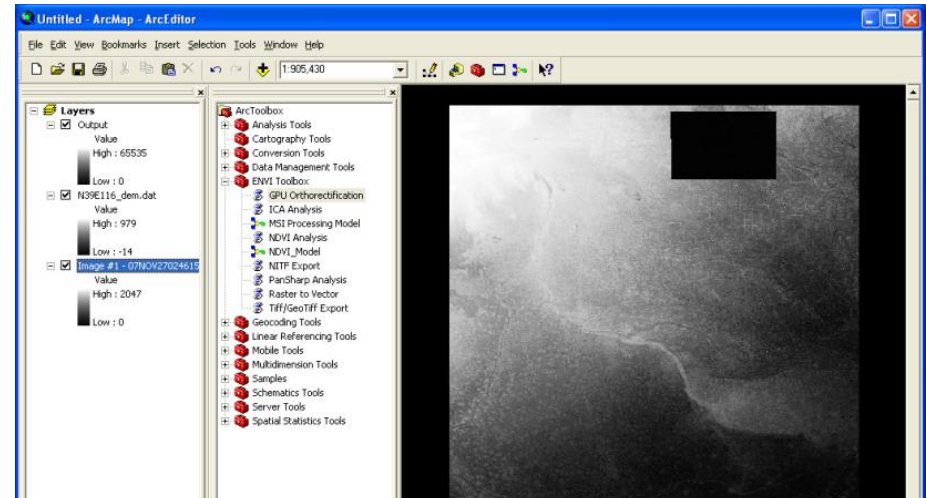
**Elevation Model:** SRTM Derived DTED

Disk I/O is dominant (60% of total)

GPU is only ~25% utilized!

# GPU Ortho – ArcGIS Integration

- > With EXELIS VIS' Integration with ArcGIS, call GPU enabled ENVI in an ArcGIS environment
- > Available for any ENVI/IDL routine
- > Harness GPU in a GIS
- > Deploy best image processing practices to GIS users



# Earth Science Applications – Image Transforms

Problem: Many imaging bands are highly correlated. Image transformations help remove correlation and boost signals of hard to find information in imagery or finding change. These transforms are highly computationally expensive

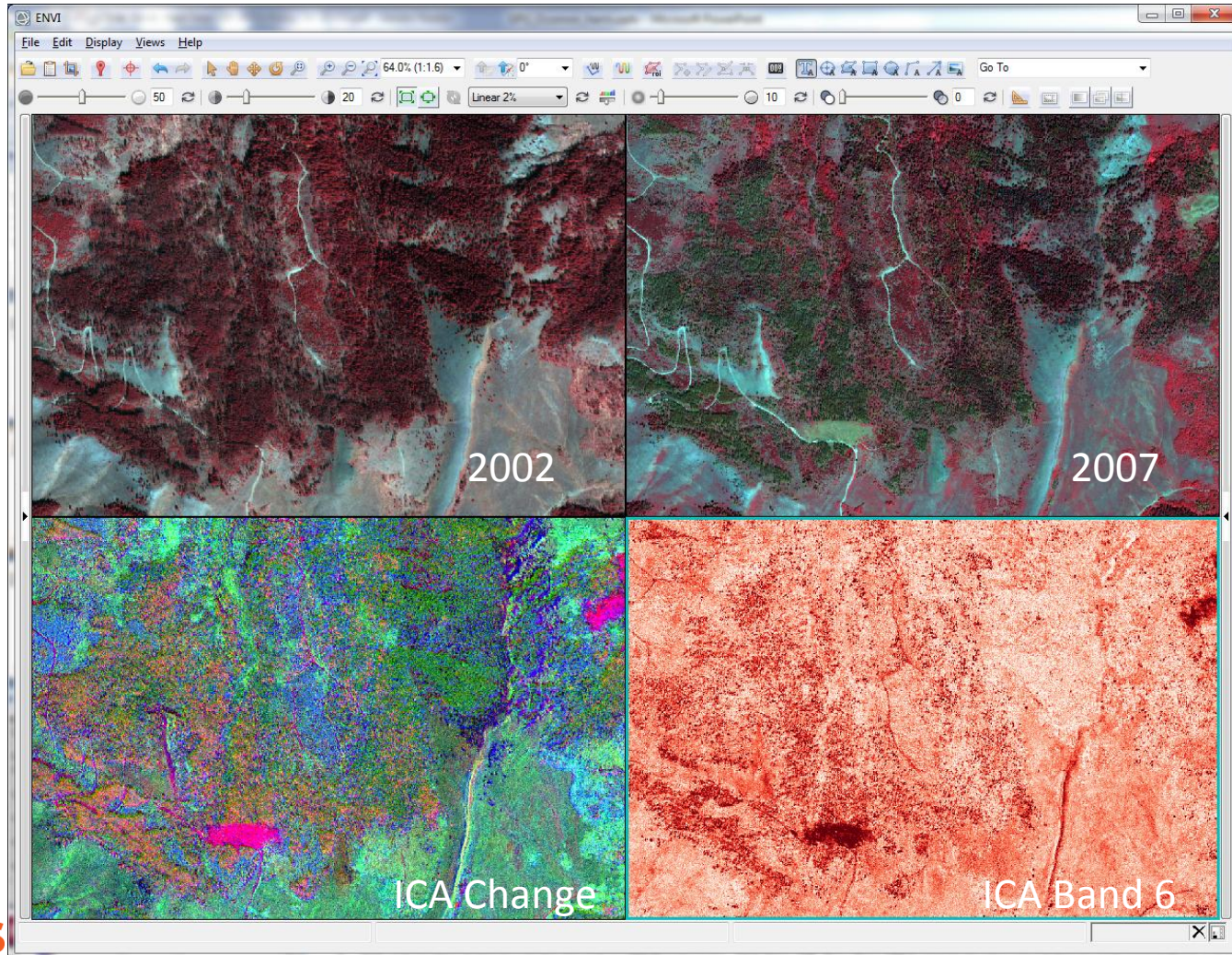
## Spectral Processing – ICA/PCA

- > Calculations map very well to GPU
  - > Functions are called iteratively
  - > Very heavy use of matrix multiplication operations
- > Tightly integrated with ENVI
- > Work performed under government contract, freely available to Intelligence Community
- > Already in use at NGIC (National Ground Intelligence Center)



# Earth Science Applications – Image Transforms

Problem: Many imaging bands are highly correlated. Image transformations help remove correlation and boost signals of hard to find information in imagery or finding change. These transforms are highly computationally expensive



# Earth Science Applications – Image Transforms (PCA)

## Benchmarks

### Input data set

HSI cube: 614 samples x 1024 lines x 244 bands, 16-bit Integer

### Hardware

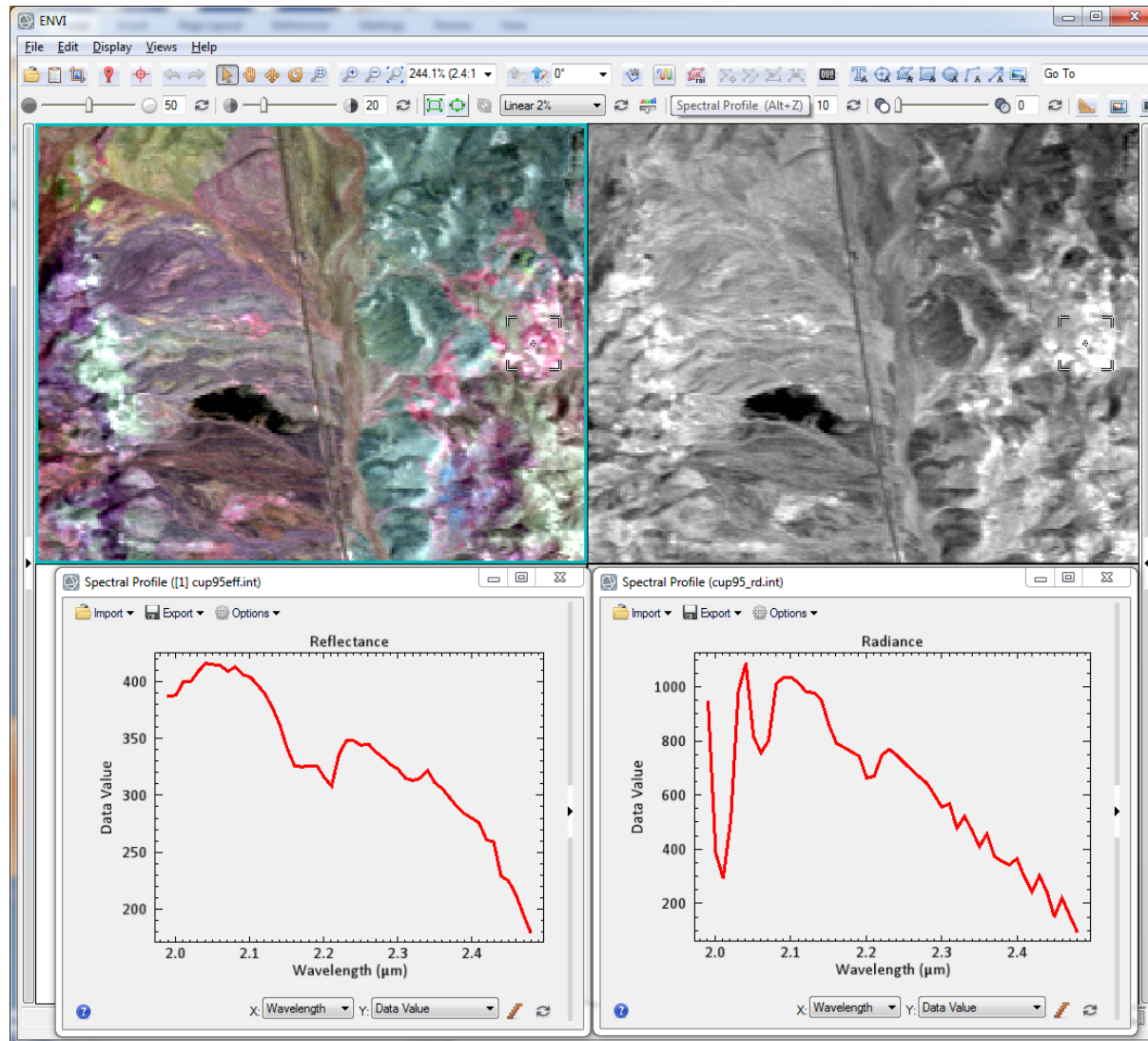
CPU: 6-Cores @ 3.2 GHz, RAM: 6GB

GPU: NVIDIA GTX480, 1GB Video RAM, PCIe 2.0

CPU Time (seconds)	GPU Time (seconds)	Improvement
29.61	2.25	13X

# Earth Science Applications: Atmospheric Correction

Problem: Atmosphere interferes with data integrity and needs to be removed to earth science research and analysis, esp. looking an long term trends. This is a computationally heavy application that can easily be modified by GPU processing.



# Earth Science Applications: Atmospheric Correction

## Benchmarks

### Input data set

HSI cube: 614 samples x 1024 lines x 244 bands, 16-bit Integer

### Hardware

CPU: 6-Cores @ 3.2 GHz, RAM: 6GB

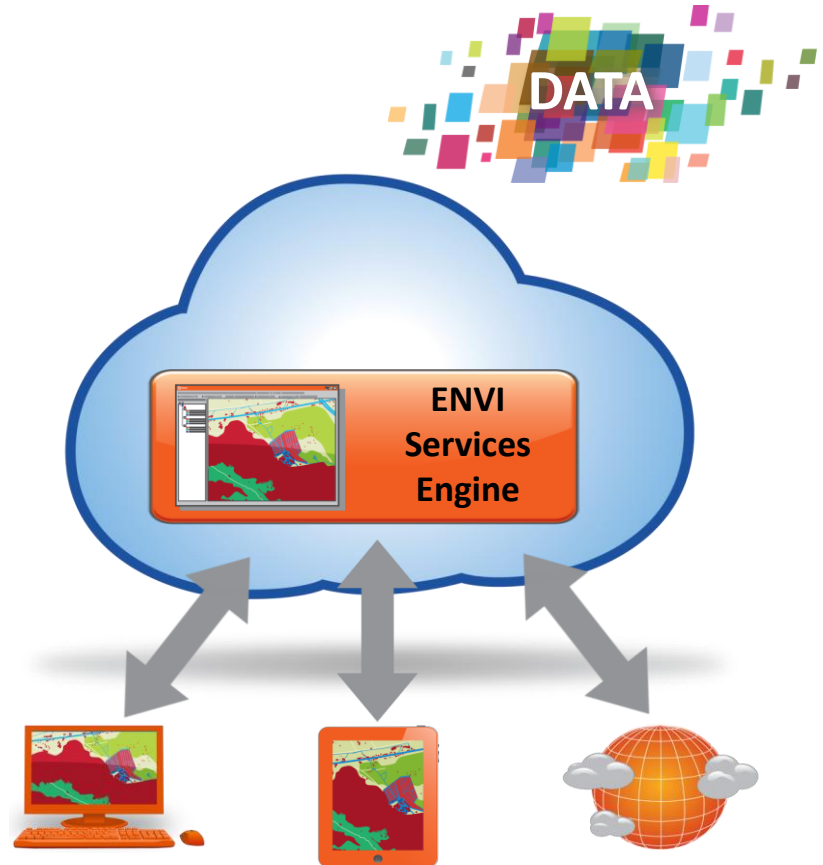
GPU: NVIDIA GTX480, 1GB Video RAM, PCIe 2.0

CPU Time (seconds)	GPU Time (seconds)	Improvement
23.19	2.87	8X



# Use ENVI Services Engine to task farm with multiple GPUs

- > With multiple GPUs a desktop or laptop can behave as a small super computer
- > The ENVI and IDL Services Engine can distribute task to GPU “workers”
- > ESE is a COTS product available now
- > Limitation is still file I/O, but have potentially 1000s of cores in one machine with GPU use



# Success Story: Range and Bearing

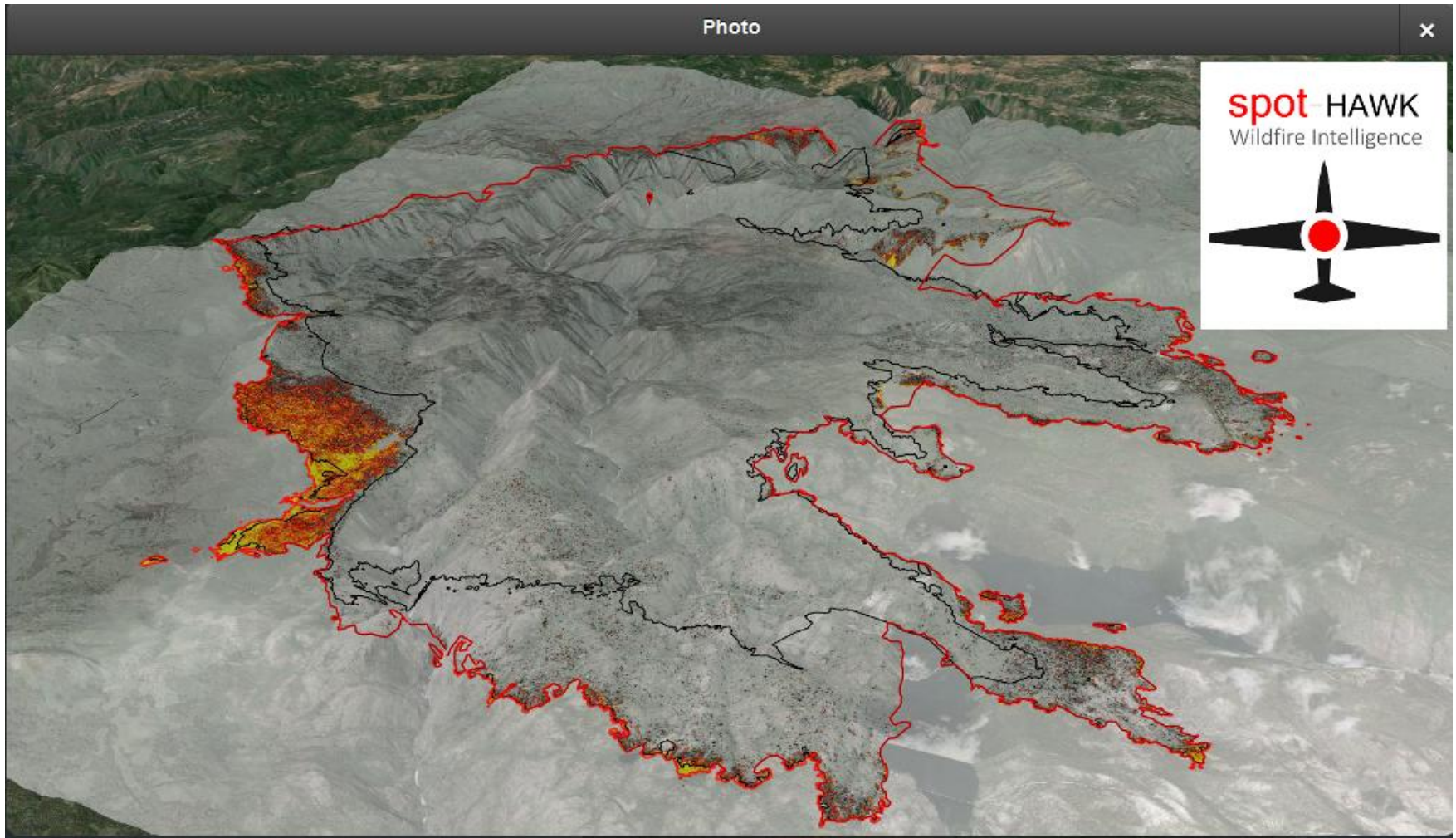
## Overview

- > Small Aerial Photography Company
- > Collects thermal and multispectral imagery, full motion ortho imagery over fires, disasters, pipeline monitoring, environmental assessment—anything where imagery can help the mission in **real time**.
- > Acquires MANY images and need to have images ortho'd to accurately show hotspots and change.

## Solution

- > Contracted EXELIS VIS to develop GPGPU for high-speed ortho
- > Images collected and processed on plane with a laptop
- > Laptop a low draw on power
- > The fire features are exploited from the real-time ortho imagery live.
- > Fire features stream into a common operating picture live.

# Success Story: Range and Bearing



## Success Story: Range and Bearing

Essentially, the creation of GPU based real-time processing and exploitation enables Range and Bearing's Spot-HAWK platform to provide government, media, and the public live geoint of what the wildfire is doing NOW, not a report of what happened yesterday.

*—Doug Campbell, Range and Bearing President/CEO*

# Summary

- > Exelis VIS has developed tools with GPU technology to process large volumes of imagery and create meaningful products in near real time
- > With multiple GPUs a desktop or laptop can behave as a small super computer
- > Image processing, in particular pixel analysis is very well suited for GPUs
- > Reusing existing ENVI and IDL functionality keep cost low and maintains analytical repeatability.

# Thank you!

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